



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** 916020008 - PROTEK CLOROCAUCHO 3516 ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO
- Other means of identification:**
- UFI:** C380-G05C-S00U-09V8
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
- Relevant uses (Consumer use): Industrial paint  
 Relevant uses (Professional users): Industrial paint  
 Relevant uses (Industrial user): Industrial paint  
 Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
- EUPINCA  
 C/ Londres, 13 - Pol. Ind. Cabezo Beaza  
 30353 Cartagena - Murcia - España  
 Phone: +34 968089000  
 info@grupotkrom.com  
 https://www.tkrom.com/
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 968 08 90 00 (Office hours)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
- Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- Acute Tox. 4: Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4, H332  
 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411  
 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319  
 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226  
 Lact.: Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation, H362  
 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315  
 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373  
 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

### 2.2 Label elements:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

##### Warning



##### Hazard statements:

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.  
 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
 Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.  
 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
 STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.  
 STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

##### Precautionary statements:

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**916020008 - PROTEK CLOROCAUCHO 3516  
ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)**

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
 P102: Keep out of reach of children.  
 P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
 P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.  
 P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye protection/protective footwear.  
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.  
 P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality.

**Supplementary information:**

EUH208: Contains Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated, maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Substances that contribute to the classification**

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene; Alkanes, C14-17, chloro; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

**2.3 Other hazards:**

Product contains PBT/vPvB substances: Alkanes, C14-17, chloro  
 Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*****3.1 Substance:**

Not relevant

**3.2 Mixture:**

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins

**Components:**

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119555267-33-XXXX	<b>Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>10 - &lt;25 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	<b>N-butyl acetate<sup>(1)</sup></b> ATP CLP00		<b>5 - &lt;10 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0 Index: 602-095-00-X REACH: 01-2119519269-33-XXXX	<b>Alkanes, C14-17, chloro<sup>(1)</sup></b> ATP ATP01		<b>2,5 - &lt;5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Lact.: H362; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	<b>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>1 - &lt;2,5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	<b>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>1 - &lt;2,5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	
CAS: 85711-46-2 EC: 288-306-2 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119976378-19-XXXX	<b>Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>0,1 - &lt;0,5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - Warning	
CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6 Index: 607-096-00-9 REACH: 01-2119472428-31-XXXX	<b>maleic anhydride<sup>(1)</sup></b> ATP ATP13		<b>&lt;0,01 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH071 - Danger	

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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**916020008 - PROTEK CLOROCAUCHO 3516  
ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\* (continued)**

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

**Other information:**

Identification	Specific concentration limit
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	% (w/w) >=0,001: Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	Not relevant	

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

**SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES****4.1 Description of first aid measures:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:**

Not relevant

**SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****5.1 Extinguishing media:****Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

Water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:**

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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions



## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification		Occupational exposure limits		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Skin

### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	47,9 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	6,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	796 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated CAS: 85711-46-2 EC: 288-306-2	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	3 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**DNEL (General population):**

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not relevant	6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,58 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	28,75 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	320 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated CAS: 85711-46-2 EC: 288-306-2	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant

**PNEC:**

Identification					
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L	
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L	
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg	
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	STP	80 mg/L	Fresh water	0,001 mg/L	
	Soil	11,9 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0002 mg/L	
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	13 mg/kg	
	Oral	0,01 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	2,6 mg/kg	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L	
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L	
	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg	

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated CAS: 85711-46-2 EC: 288-306-2	STP	Not relevant	Fresh water	Not relevant
	Soil	Not relevant	Marine water	Not relevant
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	Not relevant
	Oral	0,067 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	Not relevant
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	STP	44,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,038 mg/L
	Soil	0,037 mg/kg	Marine water	0,004 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,379 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,296 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,03 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

#### A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	 CAT III	EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks	 CAT I		Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN ISO 21420:2020 and EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	 CAT II	EN 166:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

#### E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	 CAT III	EN 1149-1:2007 EN 1149-2:1998 EN 1149-3:2004 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	 CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures



It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

### Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

### Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	32,09 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	459,54 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (459,54 g/L)
Average carbon number:	7,58
Average molecular weight:	110,78 g/mol

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	460,16 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (460,16 g/L)
EU limit for the product (Cat. A.I):	500 g/L (2010)
Components:	Not relevant

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Colour:	<input type="checkbox"/> White
Odour:	Not relevant *
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

#### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	137 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	783 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	4217,28 Pa (4,22 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

#### Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	1431,8 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,432
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Decomposition temperature: Not relevant \*

Melting point/freezing point: Not relevant \*

### Flammability:

Flash Point: 27 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Not relevant \*

Autoignition temperature: 315 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not relevant \*

Upper flammability limit: Not relevant \*

### Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter: Not relevant \*

## 9.2 Other information:

### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Not relevant \*

Oxidising properties: Not relevant \*

Corrosive to metals: Not relevant \*

Heat of combustion: Not relevant \*

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Not relevant \*

### Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Not relevant \*

Refraction index: Not relevant \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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**916020008 - PROTEK CLOROCAUCHO 3516  
ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)**

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

**A- Ingestion (acute effect):**

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

**B- Inhalation (acute effect):**

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

**C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):**

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

**D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):**

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (3); Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (< 0.01 kPa, 20°C) (3); Alkanes, C14-17, chloro (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: May cause harm to breast-fed children

**E- Sensitizing effects:**

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

**F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:**

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

**G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:**

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness. Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

**H- Aspiration hazard:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

Not relevant

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LD50 oral	>3492 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
	LC50 inhalation vapour		
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
	LC50 inhalation dust		

**11.2 Information on other hazards:****Endocrine disrupting properties**

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

**Other information**

Not relevant

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\***

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12.1 Toxicity:****Acute toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)	Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)	Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)	Algae
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LC50	Not relevant	
	EC50	Not relevant	
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus Algae
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	LC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)	Fish
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (48 h)	Crustacean
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (72 h)	Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)	Fish
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)	Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp. Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant	

**Chronic toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish
	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia Crustacean
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	NOEC	Not relevant	
	NOEC	23,2 mg/L	Daphnia magna Crustacean

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NOEC	47,5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

**12.2 Persistence and degradability:****Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: Not relevant	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 905-562-9	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Not relevant	Period	5 days
EC: 204-658-1	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	84 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	8 days
EC: 203-603-9	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	100 %
maleic anhydride	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	33.33 mg/L
CAS: 108-31-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	29 days
EC: 203-571-6	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	98,19 %

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:****Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	BCF	9
CAS: Not relevant	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 905-562-9	Potential	Low
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78
EC: 204-658-1	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0.43
EC: 203-603-9	Potential	Low
maleic anhydride	BCF	
CAS: 108-31-6	Pow Log	-2.61
EC: 203-571-6	Potential	

**12.4 Mobility in soil:**

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: Not relevant	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 905-562-9	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
N-butyl acetate	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 204-658-1	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
maleic anhydride	Koc	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 108-31-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 203-571-6	Surface tension	1,673E-2 N/m (250,21 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:**

Product contains PBT/vPvB substances: Alkanes, C14-17, chloro

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:**

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

**12.7 Other adverse effects:**

Not described

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650  
Tunnel restriction code: D/E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Not relevant  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

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**916020008 - PROTEK CLOROCAUCHO 3516  
ANTIDESLIZANTE BLANCO****SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2025:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:**

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): *Alkanes, C14-17, chloro (85535-85-9)*
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

**Seveso III:**

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

**Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):**

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

**Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

**Other legislation:**

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment:**

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION****Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

**Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:**

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

- New declared substances  
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)
- Removed substances  
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.

H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method

STOT RE 2: Calculation method

Lact.: Calculation method

Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

### Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

### Abbreviations and acronyms:





## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
 IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand  
 BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
 LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
 EC50: Effective concentration 50  
 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient  
 Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon  
 UFI: unique formula identifier  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -